

Glossary

Throughout this document words and terms are used that have specific meaning. It is important to know, at the outset, definitions in the context of these standards.

Note: Terms identified in the glossary are marked with an asterisk (*) in the first occurrence in the document.

Allied science education: programs that are delivered through recognized academic institutions which cover principal areas of practice in the natural, physical, and social sciences, but are not accredited by a third-party accrediting body.

Demonstrable competency: comprehensive statement of the nature of the work forest technologists are able to do.
Note: A candidate shall be able to demonstrate entry-level competence in each of the demonstrable competencies of a standard and shall be able to do so in a manner that corresponds accurately with the “learning outcomes” level prescribed by a competency’s action verb(s).

Entry to practice: The educational, competency, and experience-related qualifications, equivalent to the level of a new graduate of an accredited forest technologist program, required before a person can practice a profession.

Hazard: a potential source of harm or adverse health effect on a person or persons.

Measure: observable knowledge, skills, and attitudes forest technologists use to demonstrate a competency.

Professional practice: the conduct and work of someone from a particular profession.

Professional practice standards: the set of practices, experiences, and behaviours that individuals must meet to be certified as a forest technologist.

Risk: involves uncertainty about the effects/implications of an activity with respect to something that humans value (such as health, well-being, wealth, property, cultural or the environment), often focusing on negative, undesirable consequences.

Standard: the individual standards of the certification standards.

Regulatory organization: (also regulatory authority, body, licensure, or regulator) is a public authority or government agency responsible for exercising autonomous authority over some area of professional practice in a regulatory or supervisory capacity.